

Sample Collected At

THE CURESTA HOSPITAL



PT NAME

: MRS. NILIMA BARIAR

SAMPLE REGD. AT

: 04/07/2024 16:44

PT. AGE/SEX

: 64Y/FEMALE

REPORT RELEASED ON

: 04/07/2024 16:46

MOBILE NO

PATIENT UNIQUE ID NO

REF. BY.

: DR . SATWIK

REPORT STAT.

: Final

Туре

: OPD

UHID NO.: TCH-3067

BED/WARD

SEROLOGY

Test Done

Result

Unit

Normal Value

HIV 1 & 2 ANTIBODIES, SCREENING TEST

Sample: Serum

NON-REACTIVE

NON-REACTIVE

Immunodot Assay

Clinical Significance:

HIV 1 & 2 ANTIBODIES

HIV I & II (CARD HIV Rapid test is a qualitative test used to screen for antibodies against HIV 1 and 2 viruses. As per NACO guidelines, all positive samples should be TEST) tested by using 3 different types of kits before report is released.

This is only a screening test. All samples detected reactive by the above screening test must be confirmed by using HIV Western Blot or HIV RNA tests.A non-reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure to or infection with HIV or the window period.

HCV RAPID CARD TEST (HEPATITIS C)

NON-REACTIVE

NON-REACTIVE

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg)

Sample: Serum

NON-REACTIVE

NON-REACTIVE

Immunochromatography

Clinical Significance:

HBSAG (HEPATITIS B VIRUS)

Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) is the first serologic marker appearing in the serum at 6 to 16 weeks following exposure to HBV. In acute infection, HBsAg usually disappears in 1 to 2 months after the onset of symptoms. Persistence of HBsAg for more than 6 months in duration indicates development of either a chronic carrier state or chronic HBV infection.

This is only a Screening test. All reactive samples should be confirmed by confirmatory test.

-- End Of Report--

Verified By

DR. PRERNA CHOUDHARY (MD PATHOLOGY)

Fortigme Collection: 3873127836 In case of any discrepancy due to machine error or typing error, please get it rectified immediately